



Total Tenant Payment

- TTP is highest of
 - 30% monthly adjusted income
 - 10% total monthly income
 - The welfare rent (if applicable)
 - Minimum rent

- Annual income \$2000
 4 children x \$480 <u>1920</u>
- Adjusted income
- Annual income divided by 12 = \$167
- Adjusted income divided by 12 = \$7

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\$ 80

Example 1

- 10% of \$167 = \$17
- 30% of \$7 = \$2
- Minimum rent \$0
- Welfare rent N/A
- TTP is ??????

nm

Example 2

- A family's total annual income is \$15,780
 - **15,780/12 = \$1,315**
 - = \$1,315 x 10% = \$132
- A family's adjusted income is \$11,388
 - **\$11,288/12 = \$949**
 - \$949 x 30% = \$285
- Minimum rent at the PHA is \$35
- TTP: \$285

Example 2	
9. Total Tenant Payment (TTP)	
9a. Total monthly income: 8a + 12	\$ 1,315 _{9a.}
9c. TTP if based on annual income: 9a X 0.10	\$ 132 9c.
9d. Adjusted monthly income: 8y + 12	\$ 949 9d.
9e. Percentage of adjusted monthly income	\$ 30 9e.
9f. TTP if based on adjusted annual income: (9d X 9e) + 100	\$ 285 9f.
9g. Welfare rent per month (if none, put 0)	\$ 0 9g.
9h. Minimum rent (if waived, put 0)	\$ 35 9h.
9i. Enhanced Voucher minimum rent	\$ 9i.
9j. TTP, highest of lines 9c, 9f, 9g, 9h, or 9i	\$ 285 9j.
9k. Most recent TTP	\$ 9k.
9m. Qualify for minimum rent hardship exemption? (Y or N)	\$ N 9m.
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- PHAs must establish minimum rents between \$0 and \$50
- Minimum rent actually refers to a minimum TTP
- If minimum rent is any amount other than \$0, the PHA must adopt minimum rent hardship exemption policies

Financial Hardship Situations

- Lost eligibility/awaiting determination for federal, state, or local assistance program
- Would be evicted as result of requirement
- Family income decrease because of changed circumstances (unemployed)
- Death in family
- Other circumstances as determined by PHA or HUD

Minimum Rent Process

- PHA notifies family if TTP = minimum rent
- Family requests exemption
- PHA suspends payment beginning of next month
 - Family not required to pay minimum rent during period
 - PHA may request reasonable documentation of hardship



Minimum Rent Process

- PHA must promptly determine
 - If hardship exists
 - Whether temporary or long term
 - As defined in PHA policy

Minimum Rent Process

 If PHA determines no hardship under statute, minimum rent is imposed retroactively

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Minimum Rent Process

- If PHA determines the hardship is temporary, no minimum rent during 90-day suspension period
 - Minimum rent imposed retroactively
 - Reasonable repayment agreement offered

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Minimum Rent Process

- If PHA determines hardship of long-term duration exists, minimum rent is *exempted* retroactively to date of family's request for exemption
- Exemption continues until hardship no longer exists
 - Family does not reimburse

PHA Procedures

- PHA must notify families:
 - Of right to request hardship exemption
 - Hardship exemptions are subject to PHA's informal hearing procedures

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Example

\$27

\$45 🦾

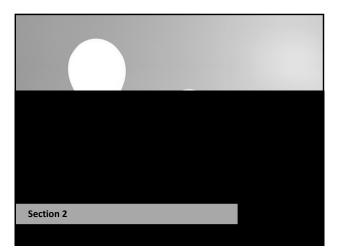
- Family meets exemption criteria
- 30% of AMI
- 10% of MI
- PHA's min rent \$20

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Example

- The Diamond family has requested and qualified for a minimum rent hardship exemption
- The family has the following information:
 - Total annual income \$900
 - Adjusted income \$50
 - PHA's minimum rent \$50

Example	
9. Total Tenant Payment (TTP) 9a. Total monthly income: 8a + 12 9c. The P based on annual income: 9a X & 10 9d. Adjusted monthly income: 9a X & 10 9d. Adjusted annual income: 9d X & 10 9d. Precentage of adjusted monthly income 9f. The P based on adjusted annual income: (Pd X & 9c) + 100 9g. Wefare end per month (Fonce, put 0) 9h. Enhanced Voucher minimum rent 9i. Enhanced Voucher minimum rent 9i. TTP. haphest of lines 9c. 9f. 9g. 9h, or 9i 9k. Most recent TP 9m. Quality for minimum rent hardship exemption? (Y or N)	\$ 75 9a. \$ 8 9c. \$ 30 9g. \$ 2 9f. \$ 0 9g. \$ 0 9g.
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Utility Allowance

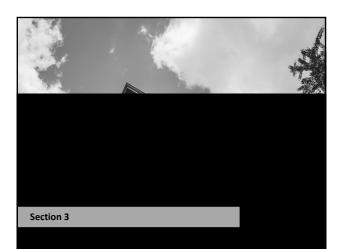
- Calculated for a family if they are responsible for paying for the cost of any utilities
- A utility allowance is an amount approved by the PHA for reasonable monthly costs of local utility consumption
- PHAs are required to establish and maintain utility allowance schedules

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Utility Allowance

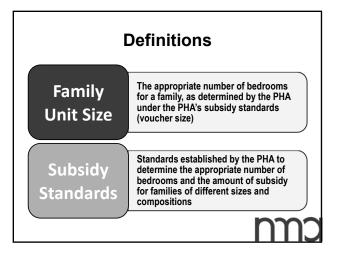
- Utility allowance is the smaller of the unit size or the family's voucher size
 - Exception as a reasonable accommodation
- For example:
 - Family issued a 3-bedroom voucher
 - Family selects a 2-bedroom unit
 - The 2-bedroom UA is used





	Definitions
Housing Assistance Payment	The monthly assistance payment made by the PHA on behalf of the family to the owner
Payment Standard	The maximum monthly assistance payment in the voucher program
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Payment Standards

- Used to calculate total subsidy for the family
- PHA's payment standard is maximum subsidy amount



Payment Standards Schedule

- HUD publishes fair market rents (FMRs) and some small area FMRs (SAFMRs) annually
- PHA must adopt a payment standard schedule based on the FMR/SAFMR for each bedroom size

Small Area FMRs

- Mandatory for 24 designated metro areas
 - PHAs in other areas may request to use SAFMRs
- SAFMRs = FMRs established by zip code
- Intended to provide families access to lowpoverty areas
- HUD will review designations every 5 years

Establishing PS Amounts

- HUD approval not needed for basic range
 90% to 110% of FMR/SAFMR is basic range
- HUD must approve payment standards higher or lower than basic range
 - Local field office may approve up to 120%
 - Only HUD headquarters may approve over 120%

Exception Payment Standards

- HUD may approve exception payment standards in an area for all units or units of a given size
 - Any PHA with jurisdiction may use the HUD approved exception PS amount
- Non-SAFMR PHAs may establish exception payment standards for a zip code area up to 110% of SAFMR

Reasonable Accommodation

- PHA may approve a payment standard up to 120% FMR if needed as reasonable accommodation
 - Field office approval not required

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What Payment Standard to Use

- Payment standard to be used is lower of
 - PS for family unit size
 - PS for size of unit selected



Example

 A family is issued a 2-bedroom voucher and selects a 3-bedroom unit. Assuming the unit is approved, what PS is used?

2-bedroom

 A family is issued a 3-bedroom voucher and selects a 2-bedroom unit. Assuming the unit is approved, what PS is used?

2-bedroom

Payment Standards

- During the term of a HAP contract, payment standard for a family is
 - Payment standard as determined at most recent annual reexam after beginning of HAP contract
 - UNLESS the PHA has decreased or increased the payment standard



Payment Standard Decrease

- During a HAP contract, if PS decrease is required because of a decrease in the FMR/SAFMR, PHA may:
 - Reduce PS at family's 2nd annual reexam; or
 - Continue to use existing higher PS; or
 - Set a PS at an amount between current PS and new applicable PS and then reduce family's PS over time

Payment Standard Decrease

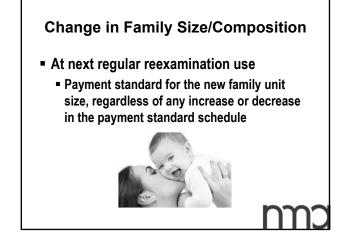
- May also extend same protections when PS decrease was not caused by a decrease in FMR
- Regardless, new lower PS applies to new admissions and moves
- Must create policy in admin plan

Payment Standard Increase

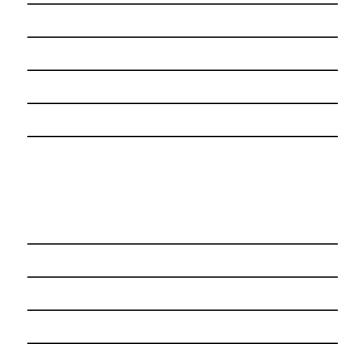
- During a HAP contract, if PHA has increased the PS
 - Use the new, higher payment standard at the 1st annual reexam after the payment standard increase

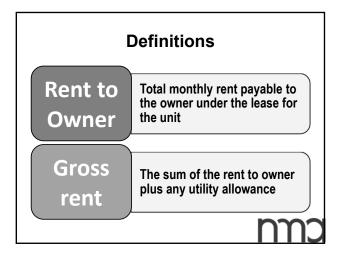
Payment Standards			
Payment Standard Change	First Annual	Second Annual	Third Annual
PS Increases	Family receives increase	-	-
PS Decreases Option 1	Family is alerted	Family receives full decrease	-
PS Decreases Option 2	Family is alerted	Fam receives partial decrease	Fam receives full decrease
PS Decreases Option 3	Family is alerted -Doesn't move -No change in voucher size	PS remains the same	PS remains the same
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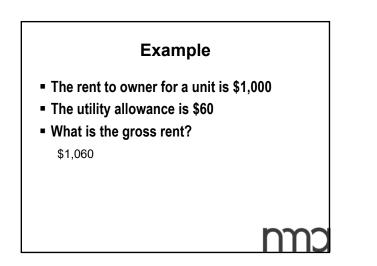


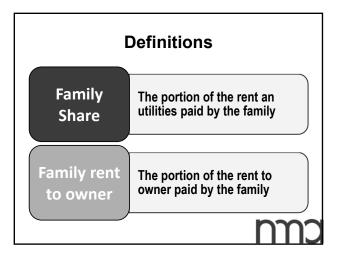














Definitions

- Housing assistance payment (HAP) = the monthly assistance payment paid by the PHA to the owner
- Utility reimbursement = amount by which HAP exceeds rent to owner
 - PHA may pay to the family or directly to the utility supplier on behalf of the family

Example URP		
Family's TTP (family share)	\$35	
Utility allowance	\$45	
Family rent to owner	\$0	
Utility reimbursement payment	\$10	
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Utility Reimbursement

- Utility reimbursement payments (URPs) of \$15 or less per month may be paid once per calendar year quarter
 - Either prospectively or retroactively
 - Must adopt hardship policies if paid retroactively
- Amounts in excess of \$15 per month must be paid monthly
- May continue to reimburse everyone monthly

Utility Reimbursement

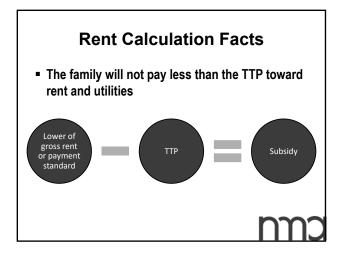
- If family moves out in advance of next scheduled payment, PHA must make a prorated payment
 - If family leaves with an outstanding credit, must reconcile credit with the family when the HAP contract terminates or shortly thereafter

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Utility Reimbursement

- If reimbursement is paid on a debit card, PHA must ensure that no fees are paid by the family
- If PHA pays the utility supplier directly, must notify the family of the amount paid to the utility supplier

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Gross Rent

- The family may select a unit where the gross rent exceeds the PHA's payment standard
- However, the PHA may need to make sure the unit is affordable for the family

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Maximum Family Share at Initial Occupancy

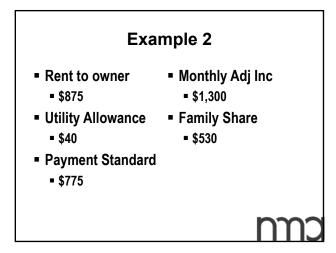
- At initial occupancy of a unit (new admissions and moves)
- When the gross rent exceeds the payment standard for the family
- The family share (family rent to owner + UA) cannot exceed 40% of adjusted monthly income

A family's adjusted income is \$11,040 Monthly income is \$11,040/12 = \$920 The family share may not be more than 40% of their adjusted monthly income \$920 x 40% = \$368

• What does this mean?

Example 1

 At initial occupancy or for a move, if the gross rent for the unit they select exceeds the payment standard, the family share cannot exceed \$368



- 1. Is the tenant subject to the affordability test? Yes
 - A. Rent + Utilities = Gross Rent \$875 + \$40 = \$915
 - B. Gross Rent > Payment Standard \$915 > \$775

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Example 2

- 2. If so, is the unit affordable? No
 - A. 40% of the Adjusted Monthly Income \$1,300 x 40% = \$520
 - B. Family Share ≤ Adjusted Monthly Income \$530 ≤ \$520

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Mixed Families

- Families with both eligible citizens/noncitizens and ineligible non-citizens
- Rent is calculated as usual
 - Count all income, assets, and deductions for ineligible member with exception of the EID
- Family will have their HAP prorated

- The Fulton consists of Henry and Tai Fulton, both of whom are eligible non-citizens
- Based on the family's income, the PHA pays \$254 in HAP for the fmaliy

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Example

- Tai's brother, Tom, is approved to move into the unit
- He is an ineligible noncitizen so the family's rent must be prorated
- Tom has no income or assets and does not qualify for any deductions
- The family's HAP will be prorated because Tom lives in the unit



Prorated Rent Calculation				
12ab. Normal total HAP: copy from 12s, but do	not exceed 12p	\$	254	12at
12ac. Total number eligible			2	12ac
12ad. Total number in family			3	12ac
12ae. Proration percentage: 12ac + 12ad			.67	12ae
12af. Prorated total HAP: 12ab X 12ae		\$	170	12a
12ag. Mixed family total family contribution: 12p	minus 12af	\$	665	12ag
12ah. Utility allowance: copy from 12m		\$	0	12al
12ai. Mixed family tenant rent to owner: 12ag minus 12ah	If positive or 0, put tenant rent	\$	665	12a
	If negative, credit tenant	s		12a
12aj. Prorated HAP to owner: 12k minus 12ai. If 12ai is negative, put 12k		\$	170	12a
The PHA will now	<i>ı</i> pay \$170 ii	n HAP	nr	יר



